

Green mode PWM with External Over Temperature Protection

General Description

EM8636 is a high performance, low startup current, low cost, current mode PWM controller with green mode power saving. The EM8636 integrates functions of Soft Start(SS), Under Voltage Lockout(UVLO), Leading Edge Blanking(LEB), internal and external Over Temperature Protection(OTP), internal slope compensation. The EM8636 also features more protection like Over Load Protection(OLP) and Over Voltage Protection(OVP) to prevent circuit damage occurred under abnormal conditions.

The EM8636 provides the users a superior AC/DC flyback power application of high efficiency, excellent EMI performance, low external component counts and lower cost solution.

Ordering Information

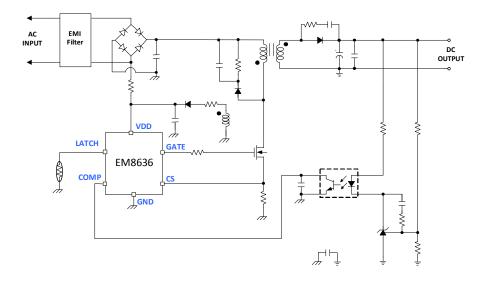
Part Number	Package	Remark
EM8636J	SOT-23-6	

Features

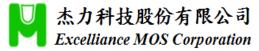
- Ultra Low Start Up Current (6uA)
- Current Mode Control
- Soft Start Function
- Built-in Slope Compensation
- Internal Leading-edge Blanking
- Over Voltage Protection (OVP) on VDD pin
- Over Load Protection (OLP)
- Cycle-by-cycle Current Limit
- Feedback Open Protection
- External Over Temperature Protection (OTP)
- Internal Over Temperature Protection (OTP)
- Constant Output Power Limit (Full AC Input Range)
- Internal Frequency Jittering for Excellent EMI Performance
- Gate Voltage Clamping

Applications

- Open-Frame SMPS
- General Adapter and Charger
- LCD Monitor Power



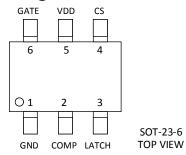
Typical Application Circuit



Protection Mode

VDD OVP	OLP	Latch Pin
Auto-Recovery	Auto-Recovery	Latch

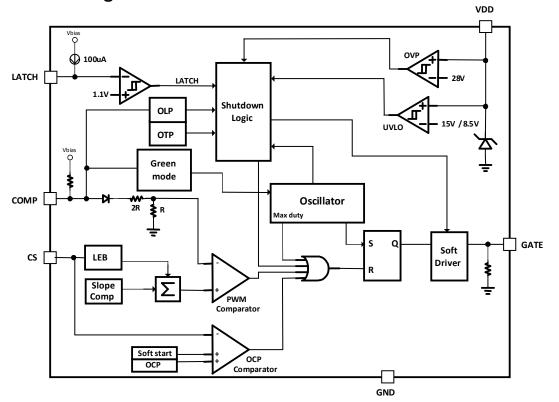
Pin Configuration



Pin Assignment

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Function
	SOT-23-6	
GND	1	Ground.
СОМР	2	Voltage feedback pin. By connecting a photo-coupler to close the control loop and achieve the regulation.
LATCH	3	This pin provides an internal sourcing current of 100uA, used for external latch circuit. When this pin < 1.1V and after 160uS, IC is latch off. By connecting a NTC resistor to GND, it can achieve the OTP protection function. Keep this pin floating to disable the latch protection.
CS	4	Senses the primary current.
VDD	5	IC Power Supply Pin.
GATE	6	Gate drive output to drive the external MOSFET.





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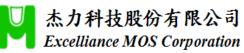
EM8636

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note1)

• Supply Input Voltage, VDD	30V
• Gate pin	30V
• LATCH, COMP, CS Pin	- 0.3V to 6.5V
• Power Dissipation, PD @ TA = 25° C	
SOT-23-6	0.4W
 Package Thermal Resistance 	
SOT-23-6	250°C /W
Junction Temperature	150°C
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) 	260°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
• ESD Susceptibility (Note2)	
HBM (Human Body Mode)	2.5KV
MM (Machine Mode)	250V
Gate Output Current	300mA

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note3)

Supply Input Voltage, VDD	10V to 26V
• Junction Temperature Range	-40℃ to 125℃
Ambient Temperature Range	-40 ℃ to 85 ℃



Electrical Characteristics

(V_{DD} =15V, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Test Conditions		Тур	Max	Units
VDD Section						
VDD OVP Protect voltage	V _{OVP}		27	28	29	V
Start up Current	I _{START1}	VDD=7V	-	1	2	uA
Start up Current	I _{START2}	VDD= V _{TH-ON} -0.5V	-	6	15	uA
VDD On Threshold Voltage	V _{TH-ON}		13.5	15	16.5	V
VDD Off Threshold Voltage	V _{TH-OFF}		7.5	8.5	9.5	V
VDD Reset Threshold Voltage	V _{reset}			6		V
Operating Supply Current 1	I _{DD-OP1}	VDD=15V, V _{COMP} =0V,	-	1	2.5	mA
Operating Supply Current 2	I _{DD-OP2}	VDD=15V, V _{COMP} =3V, C _{GATE} =1nF	-	2.5	-	mA
Operating Supply Current 3	I _{DD-OP3}	VDD=15V, Protection triggerred	-	1	-	mA
Gate Section						
Rising Time	T _R	C _L = 1nF	-	190	270	nS
Falling Time	T _F	C _L = 1nF	-	30	100	nS
Current-Sense Section						
Maximum Internal Current Setpoint	V _{CSLim}		0.83	0.85	0.87	v
Leading Edge Blanking Time	T _{LEB}		200	250	300	nS
Propagation Delay Time	T _{PD}			100		nS
Soft-Start Period	T _{ss}			2		mS
Internal Oscillator						
Oscillation Frequency	f _{osc}		60	65	70	KHz
Maximum Duty	D _{max}	V _{COMP} =3V, V _{CS} =0V	70	75	80	%
Green mode Minimum Frequency	f _{osc-g}			25		KHz
Frequency Jittering	f _{jitter}			±6		%
Frequency Variation vs. VDD	f _{DV}	VDD=11V to 25V			3	%
Frequency Variation vs. Temperature	f _{DT}	-20°C to 105°C (Note4)			3	%



Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
COMP Section				l		
COMP short to GND Current	I _{COMP}	V _{COMP} =0V		0.25	0.55	mA
Open loop COMP Voltage	V _{COMP}	COMP pin open		5.2		V
Green mode COMP Threshold Voltage	V _{COMP-G}			2.1		v
Zero Duty COMP Threshold Voltage	V _{COMP-ZD}			1.1		v
Zero Duty COMP Hysteresis Voltage	V _{COMP} -ZD_hy			0.1		v
LATCH Section						
LATCH Pin Source Current	I _{LATCH}		95	100	105	uA
Turn-on Voltage	V _{LATCH_ON}			1.2		V
Turn-off Voltage	V _{LATCH_OFF}		1.05	1.10	1.15	V
LATCH Debounce Time	TD _{LATCH}		100	160	220	uS
Protection Section						
Open loop Protection Delay Time	T_{Delay}			56	76	mS
Gate Clampping Voltage	V _{G-CLAMP}	VDD=20V		16		V
Open loop Protection COMP Trip Voltage	V _{COMP-OLP}			4.2		v
Internal Temperature Shutdown	T _{SD}			160		°C

Note 1. Stresses listed as the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

Note 2. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.

Note 3. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

Note 4. Guaranteed by design.



Typical Operating Characteristics

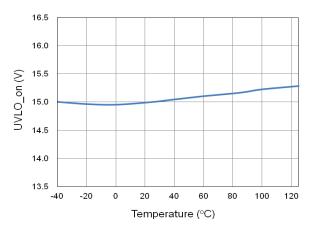


Fig1. UVLO_ON vs. Temperature.

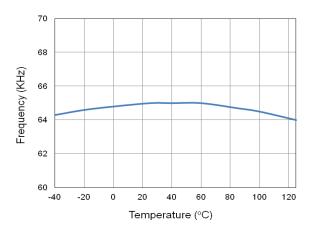


Fig3. Frequency vs. Temperature.

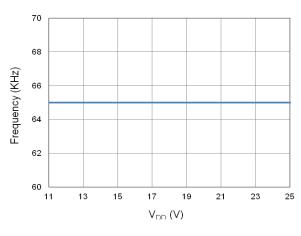


Fig5. Frequency vs. VDD.

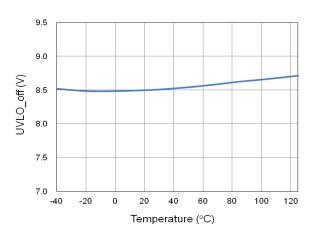


Fig2. UVLO_OFF vs. Temperature.

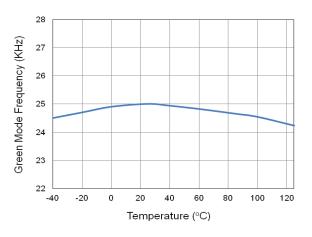


Fig4. Green Mode Frequency vs. Temperature.

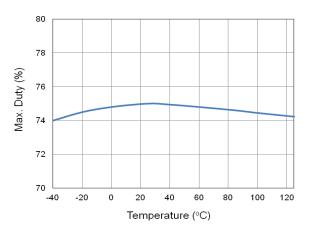


Fig6. Maximum Duty vs. Temperature.

EM8636

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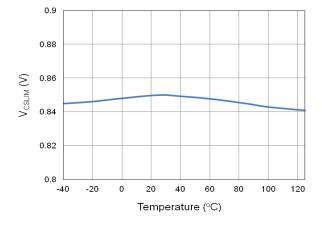


Fig7. VCSLIM vs. Temperature.

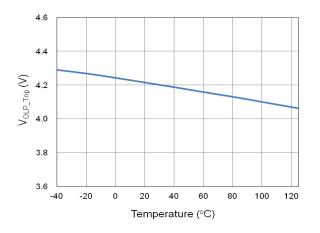


Fig9. VOLP-Trip vs. Temperature.

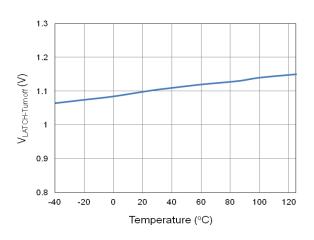


Fig11. VLATCH_Turn off vs. Temperature.

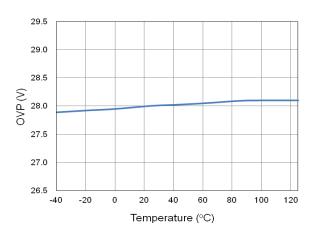


Fig8. OVP vs. Temperature.

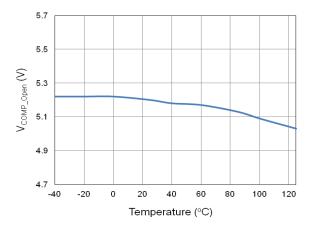
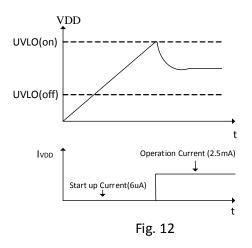


Fig10. Comp Open Voltage vs. Temperature.



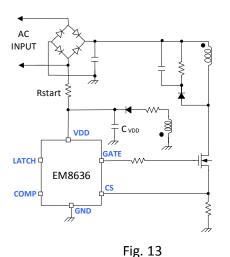
Functional Description

An UVLO comparator is implemented in EM8636 to monitor the VDD pin voltage. As shown in Fig. 12, a hysteresis is built in to prevent the shutdown from the voltage drop during startup. The UVLO (on) and UVLO (off) are setting at 15V and 8.5V, respectively.



Startup Operation

Fig. 13 shows a typical startup circuit and transformer auxiliary winding for the EM8636 application, it consumes only startup current (typical 6uA) and the current supplied through the startup resistor charges the VDD capacitor (C_{VDD}). When VDD reaches UVLO (on) voltage, EM8636 begins switching and the current consumed increases to 2.5mA. Then, the power required is supplied from the transformer auxiliary winding. The hysteresis of UVLO (off) provides more holdup time, which allows using a small capacitor for VDD. The ultra low startup current (typical 6uA) allow system using higher resistance value of R_{Start} . It provides a fast startup and low power dissipation solution.



Switching Frequency

To guarantee accurate frequency, EM8636 is trimmed to 7% tolerance. The switching frequency is 65KHz (Tpy.) with +-6% jitter range. The internal oscillator also generates slope compensation, 75% maximum duty limit.

Leading Edge Blanking (LEB)

Each time the power MOSFET turn on, the MOSFET C_{OSS} , secondary rectifier reverse recovery current and gate driver sourcing current comprise the current spike. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, a leading edge blanking time is built in. During the blanking time (250nS), the PWM comparator is off and cannot switch off the gate driver. It is recommended to adopt a smaller R-C filter (as show ad Fig.14) for high power application to avoid the total spike width over 250nS leading edge blanking time.

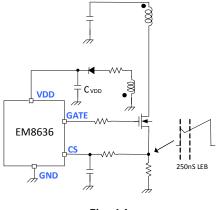


Fig. 14



Soft Start

The EM8636 has an internal soft-start circuit that increases cycle-by-cycle current limit comparator inverting input voltage slowly after it starts. The typical soft-start time is 2mS. The pulse width to the power MOSFET is progressively increased to establish the correct working conditions for transformers, rectifier diodes and capacitors. The voltage on the output capacitors is progressively increased with the intention of smoothly establishing the required output voltage. It also helps prevent transformer saturation and reduces the stress on the secondary diode during startup.

Slope compensation

In the conventional application, the problem of the stability is a critical issue for current mode controlling, when it operates in high than 50% of the duty cycle. The EM8636 built in saw-tooth slope compensation. So it requires no extra component.

Burst Mode Operation

At no load or light load condition, majority of the power dissipation in switching power supply is form switching loss on the power MOSFET, the core loss of the transformer and the loss on the snubber. The magnitude of power loss is in proportion to the number of switching events within a fixed period of time. Reducing switching events leads reduction on the power loss and conserves the energy.

The EM8636 adjusts the switching mode according to the load condition, the COMP pin voltage drops below burst mode threshold level. Device enters Burst Mode Control. The Gate drive output remains at off state to minimize the switching loss and reduces the standby power consumption.

Protection

The EM8636 provides many protection functions that intend to protect system from being damaged. All the protection functions are listed as below:

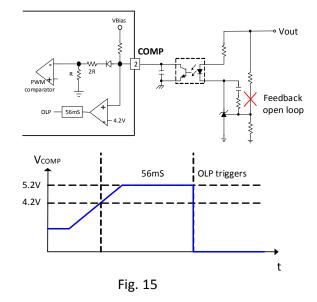
Cycle-by-cycle current limit

The EM8636 has over-current protection thresholds (0.85V). It is for cycle-by-cycle current limit, which turns off MOSFET for the remainder of the switching cycle when the sensing voltage of MOSFET current reaches the threshold.

Over-load / Open-loop Protection (OLP)

When feedback loop is open, as shown in Fig. 15, no current flows through the photo-coupler transistor, the EM8636 pulls up the COMP pin voltage to 5.2V.

When the COMP pin voltage is above 4.2V longer than 56mS, OLP is triggered. This protection is also triggered when the SMPS output drops below the normal value longer than 56mS due to the overload condition.

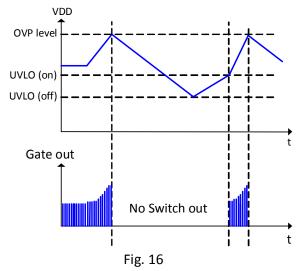




Over Voltage Protection (OVP) on VDD

The EM8636 are implemented a Over-Voltage-Protection (OVP) on VDD. Whenever the VDD voltage is higher than the OVP threshold voltage (28V), the output gate drive will be shutdown to stop the switching of the power MOSFET until the next UVLO (on).

The Over-Voltage-Protection on VDD function in EM8636 is an auto-restart type protection. If the OVP condition is not released, the VDD will tripped the OVP level again and re-shutdown the gate output. The VDD is working as a hiccup mode as shown in Fig. 16. On the other hand, if the OVP condition is removed, the VDD level will go back to normal level and the output will automatically return to the normal operation.





Internal 160°C comparator will provide over temperature protection (OTP). OTP will shutdown system, until VDD below UVLO(low). The system will hiccup, if the internal temperature always higher than 160°C.

External Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The LATCH pin is equipped with a latch shutdown function. (Fig. 17) By decreasing the LATCH pin voltage to 1.1V or lower, the IC enters the latch mode. To reset latch mode, remove the AC power line, thus decreasing the VDD voltage to the Reset Threshold Voltage (6V)

EM8636

or lower. If the external latch shutdown function by the LATCH pin is not to be used, let this pin floating or connecting a capacitor only.

Connect an NTC resistor to the LATCH pin to use the over-temperature protection. (Fig. 17)

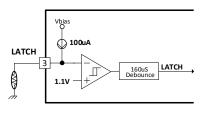
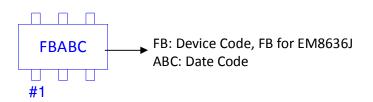


Fig.17

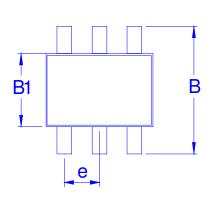


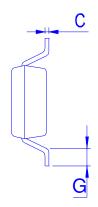
Ordering & Marking Information

Device Name: EM8636J for SOT-23-6



Outline Drawing





D	
b	A1
	/ \1

Dimension in mm

Dimension	Α	A1	В	B1	b	С	D	е	F	G
Min.	0.90	0.00			0.30	0.08				0.30
Тур.	1.15		2.80	1.60			2.90	0.95		0.45
Max.	1.30	0.15			0.50	0.22			1.45	0.60